Listing of Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

WE CLAIM:

1-71 (CANCELLED)

- 72. (NEW) A composition comprising a double-stranded, short interfering RNA (siRNA) agent which inhibits expression of an apoptosis-related gene.
- 73. (NEW) A composition comprising a double-stranded, short interfering RNA (siRNA) agent which inhibits expression of a proinflammatory cytokine.
- 74. (NEW) The composition of claim 72, wherein said apoptosis-related gene is an anti-apoptotic gene or a pro-apoptotic gene.
- 75. (NEW) The composition of claim 72, wherein said agent is an RNA which is homologous to an apoptosis-related gene, or a fragment thereof.
- 76. (NEW) The composition of claim 73, wherein said agent is an RNA which is homologous to proinflammatory cytokine, or a fragment thereof.
- 77. (NEW) The composition of claim 76, wherein the cytokine is IL-1 or TNFα, or a fragment thereof.
- 78. (NEW) The composition of claim 74, wherein said pro-apoptotic gene is a Fas pathway molecule, or a fragment thereof.
- 79. (NEW) The composition of claim 78, wherein the Fas pathway molecule is Fas or FasL, or a fragment thereof.
- 80. (NEW) A vector comprising a DNA template which encodes the siRNA of claim 72 or 73.
- 81. (NEW) The vector of claim 80, wherein said vector is a lentiviral vector.
- 82. (NEW) The vector of claim 80, wherein said vector is a retroviral vector.
- 83. (NEW) A cell transfected with the vector of claim 80.
- 84. (NEW) A method of inhibiting apoptosis in a cell comprising administering to the cell a composition of claim 72 which modulates apoptosis-related gene expression, thereby inhibiting apoptosis in a cell.

- 85. (NEW) The method of claim 84, wherein said apoptosis-related gene is a Fas pathway molecule, or a fragment thereof.
- 86. (NEW) The method of claim 85, wherein said Fas pathway molecule is Fas or FasL, or a fragment thereof.
- 87. (NEW) The method of claim 84, wherein said cell is a hepatocyte, a T-cell, a hematopoietic cell, a neural cell, or a malignant cell.
- 88. (NEW) A method of treating or preventing an apoptosis-mediated disease or disorder in a subject comprising administering to said subject a therapeutically or prophylactically effective amount of an siRNA which modulates apoptosis-related gene expression so that expression of said apoptosis-related gene is inhibited.
- 89. (NEW) The method of claim 88, wherein said apoptosis-related gene expression is inhibited.
- 90. (NEW) The method of claim 88, wherein said apoptosis-related gene is a Fas pathway molecule, or a fragment thereof.
- 91. (NEW) The method of claim 90, wherein said Fas pathway molecule is Fas or FasL, or a fragment thereof.
- 92. (NEW) The method of claim 88, wherein the disease or disorder is an immune or inflammatory disease.
- 93. (NEW) The method of claim 92, wherein said immune or inflammatory disease is hepatitis.
- 94. (NEW) The method of claim 88, wherein said disease or condition is cancer.
- 95. (NEW) The method of claim 94, wherein said cancer is a cancer of the liver.
- 96. (NEW) The method of claim 88, wherein said disease or condition is cirrhosis.
- 97. (NEW) The method of claim 88, wherein the disease or condition is transplant rejection.
- 98. (NEW) The method of claim 88, wherein said subject is a human.
- 99. (NEW) The method of claim 88, wherein the disease or disorder is allograft rejection.